

The Daily Courant.

Saturday, January 21. 1716.

London, January 21.

Yesterday arrived two Mails from France.

From the Paris Gazette, dated Jan. 25.

Constantinople, November 12.

THERE has not been any contagious Disease in this City this Summer, but on the other Side the Christians have been extremely afflicted by the great Losses the Republic of Venice has suffered the last Campaign, wherein the Turks have conquered all the Morea. It could never be believed that Places so very strong by their advantageous Situation, and by their Fortifications, should be taken in so short a time, and with so much ease. In the mean time the Turks have seized the Estates of 3000 Persons whom they have brought into Slavery. Many of them have been redeemed here by Christian Nations, especially by the Ambassador France and the French Nation; but there remains a great many more in the Hands of the Infidels, besides what they have sent abroad. The Sieur Fleischman, the Emperor's Resident, has written from Adrianople to the Ambassador of the States of Holland, that Prince Eugene in the Answer he made to the Grand Vizier, has declared to him, that the Sultan having broken the Peace with the Venetians, who are Allies to his Imperial Majesty and comprehended in the Treaty of Carlowitz, that Proceeding is an Infraction of the whole Treaty. The same Resident has written to a German Officer, an Ingenier, who is here in his return from Jerusalem, advising him to sell all the cumbersome Baggage he has, and to keep himself ready to retire upon the first Advice he should give him, and in the mean time to appear as little in Publick as possible. The Grand Signior upon that Answer of Prince Eugene, and upon the Advice he has received that many Regiments are arrived in Hungary, has ordered 10 Oda's or Companies of Janizaries towards Belgrade; from whence we hear that a great Fire has happened that has consumed great Part of the City. Eight other Companies of Janizaries are ordered to march to Temeswar, and other Troops to daily marching towards that Frontier with a great Quantity of Ammunition. Ibrahim being returned from Vienna with the Answer of Prince Eugene, the Grand Vizier set out immediately for Adrianople, and arrived there the 4th Instant, and the next Day assembled the Divan, to deliberate upon these Answers. 'Tis not yet known what Resolution they came to, the ordinary Council being not arrived. In the mean time 'tis

thought that the Declaration of the Court of Vienna may bring Disgrace upon the Vizier, because when it was proposed to make War, the Musti was always against it, till the Vizier assured that the Emperor would not concern himself in it. Besides the Grand Vizier drove from the Army all the Men of the Law, commanding them to retire to the Places where they belonged to, which may have bad Consequences to him. 'Tis feared that an Insurrection may happen in Egypt, from whence we hear that the Bassa of Grand Cairo has by Order of the Grand Vizier caused 7 Beys to be put to Death, whose Heads were brought to Adrianople the 2d Instant. Three other Beys that were to have been seized, made their Escape. Dgianum Bassa is in great Danger of undergoing the same Fate, having been deposed from his Office of Captain Bassa, or Admiral, and sent into the Morea. Hadgi Mehmed is restored in his Place, who is at present with the greatest Part of the Naval Army at Chio, where he obliges every House to furnish him a Quintal of Biscuit. He has also pressed 2000 Men to reinforce the Fleet, there being Danger of its being attacked by the Venetians, who were put to Sea, and were then at Andros with 30 Men of War, the greatest Part whereof have each 700 Men, fully resolved to Fight the Turks. This News is written from Thessalonica by a Captain of Ship who had been detained two Days by the Captain General Delphino, with whom he sailed, and separated from afterwards to pursue his Voyage. A Kan of Tartars bordering upon the Wolga, Allies of the Grand Signior, has suddenly attacked the Kingdom of Casan, and another Province, which he has made himself Master of, whence he is coming himself to bring the News; but 'tis unknown whether it will be agreeable to this Court in the present Conjunction.

From the Gazette a la Main.

Paris, Jan. 25. They write from Turin of the 11th, that the Equipage of the Electoral Prince of Saxony was arrived in that City, and two of the King's Coaches are sent to Suza to meet him. His Majesty defrays his Expence in his Dominions: But this Prince will not however go to Turin, nor see the King, who is still at the Venerie. M. de Pleneuf is departed from Turin to return to France.

'Tis reported that the Marshal de Villars is removed from the Place of President of the Council of War, and that the Duke of Bourbon has now that Dignity. 'Tis said M. Dar-mepouille

menouille is made Secretary of State for the War. M. de Pleneuf is returned hither, having paid by his Brother the 1500000 Livres which was found deficient in his Accounts.

From the Amst. Gaz. dated Jan. 17.

Nantes, Jan. 3. Yesterday the Faculty of Theology of this City held their usual Assembly, and then made the following Conclusion. M. Fourre, Syndic, said that he had Advice from several Places, that the Decree which the Faculty had made the 15th of May 1714. and approved the 1st of June following, for the Acceptation and Registering the Constitution Unigenitus, together with the Pastoral Instructions, has given great Distaste to many Persons, as being ambiguous and not conformable to the Rules of Equity and Truth: That the Faculty had never intended to give Occasion for that Offence, having had no other Design than to accept the Doctrine of the Pastoral Instruction; but that Pastoral Instruction being now acknowledged insufficient, the greatest Part of the Doctors themselves were choqued at the Ambiguity of the said Decree of the 15th of May, and had desired him to require, as he then did by their Advice, that the said Decree should be read again, in order to be corrected and reformed, or even abrogated if it was found proper so to do. Upon this Request of the Syndic, the Faculty ordered the said Decree should be reported and considered of anew: Which was done with Exactness, and the Doctors publickly assuring, that they had neither received the Constitution, nor had Intention to attribute any Error to the Author of the Moral Reflections upon the New Testament, the Faculty declares, that the Decree made the 15th of May 1714. and confirmed the 1st of June following, does not justly express the Intent of the Faculty, and therefore, to remove all Occasion of Scandal, the Faculty suppresses abrogates and annuls the said Decree.

Paris, Jan. 13. On Wednesday last the Faculty of Theology held in the Sorbonne the Assembly that had been appointed for that Day; where they received and confirmed the Conclusion of the Assembly on the 4th, which declares the pretended Decree of March 5. 1714. for the Acceptation of the Bull of Unigenitus, to be false, and Orders it to be razed out of the Registers. After the reading of it, the Curate of St. Louis in the Isle, rose up and said he opposed that Conclusion; but entering into a long Discourse, M. the Syndic interrupted him, and said that he had received most exact Orders from M. the Duke Regent, who forbids further Talk about those Matters. And being demanded to see those Orders, he produced a Letter from his Royal Highness, the Subjunctance whereof was thus. 'M. Ravecher, I have already sent you Word that I will not have you print your Conclusions, which I now repeat to you. It is my Pleasure that there be not directly or indirectly any Mention hereafter made of the Constitution. If any thing happens contrary to my Orders, I shall lay the Blame upon you. If any hot Spirits will still be talking of these things, you may make use of this Letter to notify to them my Intentions,

Jan. 7. Some Doctors, Partizans of the Constitution, cried out that this Letter ought to have been read before the Confirmation of the preceeding Conclusions; but M. the Syndic silenced them, saying, that these Orders are to serve only for the future, wherefore what is passed must remain confirmed. And finally, Deputies were named to go to assure his Royal Highness of the profound Respect and Submission wherewith the Faculty had received and executed his Orders.

London, January 21.

Yesterday South-Sea Stock was 93 to 93 one quarter. Bank 125 one quarter to 125 one half. India 133 one half. Africa 17.

Not Acted this Season.

At the Desire of several Ladies of Quality.

By His Majesty's Company of Comedians.

At the Theatre-Royal in Drury-Lane, this present Saturday, being the 21st of January, will be presented a Play call'd, The Orphan; or, The Unhappy Marriage. The part of Callisto by Mr. Willis, Polydor Mr. Booth, Chastus Mr. Mills, the Chaplain Mr. Cibber, Monimia Mrs. Porten. To which will be added a New Musical Masque call'd, Apollo and Daphne: Performed all in English by Mrs. Margarita, Mrs. Barber, Mr. Turner, and Mrs. Willis.

By the Company of Comedians acting under Letters Patents granted by King Charles II.

At the Theatre in Lincoln's-Inn-Fields, this present Saturday, being the 21st of January, will be presented the last review'd Dramatick Opera call'd, The Prophet; or, The History of Dioclesian. with all the Original Musick. The Habits, Scenes, Machines, Dances, and all other Decorations proper to the Play, being entirely New. Boxes 5 s. Pit 3 s. First Gallery 2 s. Upper Gallery 1 s. 6 d.

Taken from behind the Highgate Coach, between Hillington and Highgate, about 3 or 4 in the Afternoon on Tuesday the 1st Instant, a large Portmantua Trunk marked H. V. with some wearing Apparel, and other things in it of Value. Whoever shall discover the same to Jonathan Wild at the Duke of Grafton's Head in the Old-Baily, or Mr. Wm. Unett in Ludgate Street, so that they may be had again, shall have 50 Guineas Reward, and no Questions asked.

Lost last Thursday Night, between 5 and 6 a Clock, from a Gentleman's Side, near Ludgate, a Black Sword, inlaid with small Gold, with a small Silver gilt Wyre Handle. Whoever brings it, or gives Notice thereof to Mr. Shaw, Warrant-Clerk, in Falmouth-Row near Gray's-Inn, so that the Sword may be had again, shall have 10 s. Reward, and no Questions asked.

Drop on Wednesday Night last in Fudling-lane, Little-Risheng, Grace Church Street, or Woodhouse Street, the Head of a Riding-Wood, of a Pearl or Light Ash Colours, Cracked, lined with Black Velvet. Whoever brings it, so that the Coffee-house in George Yard, Lombard Street, shall there receive it, a Reward 5 s.

To be Lett, a House, or part of one, Convenient for any Family, with a Coach-house and Stables, in Cran-Court in Fleet-Street. Enquire at the upper House at the Right Hand.

To be Sold,

Two large young Black Coach Geldings, lately broke, come 4 Years old, 16 Hands high, with or without a light Charcoal, lined with grey Cloth, and pair of Harasli in Town or Country. Acquire at the sign of the Horse and Groin in Tibbells-Row in Red-Lyon-Fields.

A Course of Osteologie and Chirurgical Operations, wherein will be demonstrated the newest Method of reducing Fractures and Dislocations, with the manner of making and applying the Bandages, and extracting the Venere Affections. To begin the 25th of this Instant January, at Mr. Collicut's, Surgeon, in Shandon-Street, Covent-Garden.

This Day is Published,

An Exhortation to Obedience and Faithful Adherence to K. George. In two Sermons preached at Little Ilford in Essex, in Nov. and Dec. 1713. Wherin is proved, That His Majesty is our Rightful King, according to the Will of God, and Laws of Man: That the Pretender neither is nor can be our King agreeably to either: And that if he should ever come to the Imperial Crown of these Realms (which God forbid) he must be a wicked and tyrannical King. By Robert Blackway, Rector of the said Parish. Printed for B. Lintock between the Temple-Gates, 1713. 6 d. Where may be had a Discourse concerning Treason and Blasphemy of Atterbury, pt. 1. s. 6 d.

Just Published,

A Preservative against Popery. Being an exact Method of Conviction from Scripture and Reason concerning these three great Points: I. Prayers to Saints and Angels. II. Purgatory and Prayers for the Dead. III. Real Presence and Transubstantiation. With an Appendix, containing the Principles of the Romish Faith, and the Oath according to the Decree of the Council of Trent, set forth by Pope Pius IV. By which Pious Men and Oath it plainly appears, that no Pious King can Proceed a Protestant Church. By Edw. Aspinwall, Prebendary of the Church of Bath, and Chaplain to the Right Honourable the Earl of Shaftesbury. Printed for James Knapton, at the Crown in St. Pauls Church-Yard, and sold by R. Baskin in Amon-Court. 1713. 10 s.

LONDON, Printed by S. GRAY, and Sold by R. BURLEIGH in Amon-Court.

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